

## Standard Form Exit Quiz

**Part A Instructions:** Choose the option that completes the sentence or answers the question.

1. The standard form of a linear equation is:

- a.  $y = mx + b$
- b.  $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$
- c.  $ax + by = c$
- d. None of these

2. The point where a line intersects the x-axis is called:

- a. x-intercept
- b. y-intercept
- c. z-intercept
- d. None of these

3. The graph of the line  $x = -4$  is a:

- a. Horizontal line
- b. Vertical line
- c. slanted line
- d. None of these

4. The point  $(0, -2)$  represents a/an:

- a. x-intercept
- b. y-intercept
- c. z-intercept
- d. None of these

**Part B Instructions:** Answer the question below.

5. Find the  $x$ - and  $y$ - intercepts of the graph of the equation given below.

$$5x - 4y = 40$$

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**Part B Instructions:** Answer the question below.

5. Find the x- and y- intercepts of the graph of the equation given below.

$$5x - 4y = 40$$

For x-intercept, put  $y = 0$

$$5x - 4(0) = 40 \rightarrow x = \frac{40}{5} = 8$$

For y-intercept, put  $x = 0$

$$5(0) - 4(y) = 40 \rightarrow y = -\frac{40}{4} = -10$$